Yogoda Satsanga Palpara Mahavidyalaya Department of Political Science Teaching Plan Hons * Year 2022-2023							
Seme	Paper	Unit/Module	Faculty	No. of	To be Co mpl		
ster	Тарсі	Unity Module	Tacuty	е	ete d by Mo nth	,	
	-	I: Introducing Political Theory 1. What is Politics: Theorizing the 'Political'	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	12	2		
		Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist, Anarchist and Conservative Approaches to Political Theory: Normative, Historical and Empirical					
		Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory: Feminist and Postmodern Political Theory and Practice, The Grammar of Democracy	Mr. Sujit Kumar Sen	9	2		
	CC2, Constitutional Government and Democracy in India	Democracy: The history of an idea	Wil. Sujit Kulliai Seli	12	4		
		Procedural Democracy and its critique Deliberative Democracy					
		Participation and Representation The Constituent Assembly and the Constitution	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	12	3		
		a. Philosophy of the Constitution, the Preamble, and Features of the Constitution b. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles					
		II. Organs of Government a. The Legislature: Parliament	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3		
		b. The Executive: President and Prime Minister c. The Judiciary: Supreme Court					
1		III. Federalism and Decentralization a. Federalism: Division of Powers, Emergency Provisions, Fifth and Sixth Schedules	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	12	2		
	GE1, Feminism: Theory and Practice	b. Panchayati Raj and Municipalities I. Approaches to understanding Patriarchy	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3		
		a. Feminist theorising of the sex/gender distinction. Biologism versus social constructivism b. Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism					
		c. Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions II. History of Feminism	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3		
		a. Origins of Feminism in the West: France, Britain and United States of America b. Feminism in the Socialist Countries: China, Cuba and erstwhile USSR c. Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India					
		Incus on Initial III. The Indian Experience a. Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques. Social Reforms Movement and position of women in India. History of Women's struggle in India	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	8	2		
		b. Family in contemporary India - patrilineal and matrilineal practices. Gender Relations in the Family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights					
		c. Understanding Woman's Work and Labour – Sexual Division of Labour, Productive and Reproductive labour, Visible - invisible work – Unpaid (reproductive and care), Underpaid and Paid work, - Methods of computing women's work, Female headed households					
		Section A: Core Concepts I. Importance of Freedom	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia				
		a. Negative Freedom: Liberty b. Positive Freedom: Freedom as Emancipation and Development		11	3		
		Important Issue: Freedom of belief, expression and dissent II. Significance of Equality	Mr.Nani Goparl Bhunia	12	3		
		a. Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity b. Political equality					
	CC3, Political Theory-Concepts and Debates	c. Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment,Important Issue: Affirmative action III. Indispensability of Justice a. Procedural Justice	Mr.Nani Goparl Bhunia	9	3		
		b. Distributive Justice c. Global Justice, Important Issue: Capital punishment					
		IV. The Universality of Rights a. Natural Rights	Mr.Nani Goparl Bhunia	11	3		
		b. Moral and Legal Rights c. Three Generations of Rights					
		d. Rights and Obligations,Important Issue: Rights of the girl child Section B: Major Debates					
		a. Why should we obey the state? Issues of political obligation and civil disobedience. b. Are human rights universal? Issue of cultural relativism.					
		c. How do we accommodate diversity in plural society? Issues of multiculturalism and toleration. I. Political Parties and the Party System, Trends in the Party System; From the Congress System to Multi-Party					
2		ii. Determinants of Voting Behaviour, Caste, Class, Gender and Religion	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	2		
		III. Regional Aspirations, The Politics of Secession and Accommodation	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	2		
	CCA Political Provincia L	IV. Religion and Politics, Debates on Secularism; Minority and Majority Communalism	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3		
	CC4, Political Process in India	V. Caste and Politics, Caste in Politics and the Politicization of Caste	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	4		
		VI. Affirmative Action Policies, Women, Caste and Class	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	4		
Ī		VII. The Changing Nature of the Indian State, Developmental, Welfare and Coercive Dimensions I. Approaches to Political Economy	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3		<u> </u>
		Classical Liberalism, Marxism, Welfarism, Neo-liberalism and Gandhian approach					-
		II. Capitalist Transformation a. European Feudalism and Transition to Capitalism b. Globalization: Transnational Corporations, World Trade Organization, Non-governmental Organizations	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	13	2		
	GE2. Contemporary Political Economy	(their role in development) III. Issues in Development I. Culture: Media and Television I. Pig Dams and Environmental Concerns	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	12	3		
		II. Big Dams and Environmental Concerns III. Military: Global Arms Industry and Arms Trade IV. Knowledge Systems IV. Globalization and Development Dilemmas	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	10	2		
		IV. Grobalization and Development Dilemmas I. IT revolution and Debates on Sovereignty II. Gender					
		III. Racial and Ethnic Problems IV. Migration					
		I. Understanding Comparative Politics a. Nature and scope	Mr. Sujit Kumar Sen	9	2		
	CCS, Introduction to Comparative Government and	b. Going beyond Eurocentrism II. Historical context of modern government a. Capitalism: meaning and development: globalization	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2		
	Politics	b. Socialism: meaning, growth and development c. Colonialism and decolonization: meaning, context, forms of colonialism; anti-colonialism struggles and process of decolonization					
		III. Themes for comparative analysis, A comparative study of constitutional developments and political economy in the following countries: Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China.	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3		
		I. Public administration as a discipline	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	4		
		Meaning, Dimensions and Significance of the Discipline Public and Private Administration Evolution of Public Administration					
		Evolution of Public Administration II. Theoretical perspectives Classical theories	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	13	2		
		Classical theories Scientific management (F.W.Taylor)				-	

		Ideal-type bureaucracy (Max Weber)				
		Neo-classical theories Human relations theory (Elton Mayo)				
		Rational decision-making (Herbert Simon)				
	CC6, Perspectives on Public Administration	Contemporary theories				
	cco, reispectives on rubile Administration	Ecological approach (Fred Riggs)				
		Innovation and Entrepreneurship (Peter Drucker)	Mrs. Bramita Canguly	11	2	
		III. Public policy Concept, relevance and approaches	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3	
		Formulation, implementation and evaluation				
		IV. Major approaches in public administration				
		New Public Administration				
		New Public Management				
		New Public Service Approach Good Governance				
		Feminist Perspectives	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	3	
		- Commission dispersional and a second secon	si i railita Gangary			
		A. Studying International Relations	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	3	
		1.7	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		ii. History and IR: Emergence of the International State System	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9		
		iii. Pre-Westphalia and Westphalia iv. Post-Westphalia	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		B. Theoretical Perspectives	DI. Mu Allis Akiltai	9	3	
		i Classical Realism & Neo-Realism	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		ii. Liberalism & Neoliberalism	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		iii. Marxist Approaches	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
	CC-7: Perspectives on International Relations and	iv. Feminist Perspectives v. Eurocentricism and Perspectives from the Global South	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	2	
	World History	C. An Overview of Twentieth Century IR History	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9		
		i. World War I: Causes and Consequences	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		ii. Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		iii. Rise of Fascism / Nazism	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		iv. World War II: Causes and Consequences	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar			
		v. Cold War: Different Phases	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11 11		
		vi. Emergence of the Third World vii. Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold War	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11		
		viii. Post Cold War Developments and Emergence of Other Power Centers of Power	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	
3		Unit I	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	11	3	
J		Outline of the Legal system in India				
		System of courts/tribunals and their jurisdiction in India - criminal and civil courts, writ jurisdiction, specialized				
		courts such as juvenile courts, Mahila courts and tribunals.				
		Role of the police and executive in criminal law administration. Alternate dispute mechanisms such as lok adalats, non - formal mechanisms.				
		Unit II	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	15	5	
		Brief understanding of the laws applicable in India				
		Constitution - fundamental rights, fundamental duties, other constitutional rights and their manner of				
		enforcement, with emphasis on public interest litigation and the expansion of certain rights under Article 21 of				
		the Constitution.				
		Laws relating to criminal jurisdiction - provision relating to filing an FIR, arrest, bail search and seizure and some understanding of the questions of evidence and procedure in Cr. P.C. and related laws, important				
		offences under the Indian PenalCode, offences against women, juvenile justice, prevention of atrocities on				
		Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.				
		Concepts like Burden of Proof, Presumption of Innocence, Principles of Natural Justice, Fair comment under				
		Contempt laws.				
		Personal laws in India : Pluralism and Democracy				
	SEC-1: Democratic Awareness with Legal Literacy	Laws relating to contract, property and tenancy laws.				
		Laws relating to dowry, sexual harassment and violence against women				
		Laws relating to consumer rights Laws relating to cyber crimes				
		Anti-terrorist laws: implications for security and human rights				
		Practical application: Visit to either a (I) court or (ii) a legal aid centre set up by the				
		Legal Services Authority or an NGO or (iii) a Lok Adalat, and to interview a litigant or person being counselled.				
		Preparation of a case history.	Man December C	4-		
		unit III Access to courts and enforcement of rights	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	15	4	
		Critical Understanding of the Functioning of the Legal System			5 A	
		Legal Services Authorities Act and right to legal aid, ADR systems				
		Practical application:				
		What to do if you are arrested; if you are a consumer with a grievance; if you are a victim of sexual				
		harassment; domestic violence, child abuse, caste, ethnic and religious discrimination; filing a public interest				
		litigation. How can you challenge administrative orders that violate rights, judicial and administrative remedies				
		Using a hypothetical case of (for example) child abuse or sexual harassment or any other violation of a right,				
		preparation of an FIR or writing a complaint addressed to the appropriate authority.				
		I. Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	4	
		a. Conception of Modern Civilisation and Alternative Modernity				
		b. Critique of Development: Narmada Bachao Andolan	Mars Dramita Canaulu	11	4	
		II. Gandhian Thought: Theory and Action a. Theory of Satyagraha	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	4	
		b. Satyagraha in Action				
		i. Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda and the Idea of Trusteeship				
		ii. Temple Entry and Critique of Caste				
	GE-3: Gandhi and the Contemporary World	iii. Social Harmony: 1947and Communal Unity	A			
		III. Gandhi's Legacy a) Tolerance: Anti - Regism Movements (Anti - Anartheid and Martin Luther ling)	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	11	4	
		a) Tolerance: Anti - Racism Movements (Anti - Apartheid and Martin Luther ling) b) The Pacifist Movement				
		c) Women's Movements				
		d) Gandhigiri: Perceptions in Popular Culture				
		IV. Gandhi and the Idea of Political	Mr. Sujit Kumar Sen	9	4	
		a) Swaraj				
		b) Swadeshi	Mrs. Pramita Canculu	11	1	
	-	Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics Political Culture	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	4	
		b. New Institutionalism				
		II. Electoral System	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3	
		Definition and procedures: Types of election system (First Past the Post, Proportional Representation, Mixed	0-4			
	CC-8: Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective	Representation)				
		III. Party System	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	3	
		Historical contexts of emergence of the party system and types of parties IV. Nation-state	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	11	2	
		What is nation–state? Historical evolution in Western Europe and postcolonial contexts	ivii 3. i railiita Jaliguly	11	ی	
		'Nation' and 'State': debates		8	3	
		V. Democratization	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly			
		Process of democratization in postcolonial, post- authoritarian and post-communist countries		7		
		VI. Federalism	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	7	3	
		Historical context Federation and Confederation: debates around territorial division of power.	Mrs. Dramita C	-	2	
		Public Policy Definition, characteristics and models	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	8	3	
		b. Public Policy Process in India				
		II. Decentralization	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	7	2	
		a. Meaning, significance and approaches and types			_	
		b. Local Self Governance: Rural and Urban				
		III. Budget	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2	
		a. Concept and Significance of Budget				
		b. Budget Cycle in India				
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting	Mrc Promite Consults	0	-	
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting IV. Citizen and Administration Interface	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2	
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2	
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting IV. Citizen and Administration Interface a. Public Service Delivery	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2	
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting IV. Citizen and Administration Interface a. Public Service Delivery b. Redressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and E- Governance V. Social Welfare Administration	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	9	2	
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting IV. Citizen and Administration Interface a. Public Service Delivery b. Redressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and E- Governance V. Social Welfare Administration a. Concept and Approaches of Social Welfare				
	CC-9: Public Policy and Administration in India	c. Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting IV. Citizen and Administration Interface a. Public Service Delivery b. Redressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and E- Governance V. Social Welfare Administration				

	T	Health: National Health Mission,				
		Food: Right To Food Security				
		Employment: MNREGA I. Globalization: Conceptions and Perspectives	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	8	3	
		a. Understanding Globalization and its Alternative Perspectives	DI. IVIQ AIIIS AKIICAI	0	3	
		b. Political: Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality c. Global Economy: Its Significance and Anchors of Global Political Economy: IMF,				
		d. World Bank, WTO, TNCs				
		e. Cultural and Technological Dimension f. Global Resistances (Global Social Movements and NGOs)				
	CC-10: Global Politics	II. Contemporary Global Issues	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	12	3	
		a. Ecological Issues: Historical Overview of International Environmental Agreements, Climate Change, Global Commons Debate				
4		b. Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons				
		c. International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism; Post 9/11 developments				
		d. Migration e. Human Security				
		III. Global Shifts: Power and Governance I. The United Nations	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	2	
		(a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations	DI. IVIQ AIIIS AKIITAI	11	2	
		(b) Principles and Objectives (c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the				
		International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United				
		Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and				
		UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for				
	GE-4: United Nations and Global Conflicts	Refugees [UNHCR])				
		(d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect (e) Millennium Development Goals				
		II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	
		(a) Korean War (b) Vietnam War				
		(c) Afghanistan Wars				
		(d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process				
		of Reforms	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	
		Unit-1	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	
		International Peace and Conflict Resolution: Sources of War: International and Domestic Issues and Trends			11 3 11 3 9 3 11 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 6 3 9 3	
		Unit-2 What is Conflict: Introduction to International Conflict Resolution	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9		
		Unit-3	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	2	
		International Conflict Resolution Theory: Models developed by Johan Galtung, Joseph Montville, Morton Deutsch, William Zartman, Levy Jack				
		Unit-4	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	7	2	
	SEC-2: Peace and Conflict Resolution	Conflict resolution: Back ground of Various Peace Movements and Concepts, Principles used to resolve conflict				
		Unit-5	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	7	2	
		Cross-boarder relationships between the world's peaceful and war-torn zones (migration and information				
		flows, economic transactions, international rules and regulations, normative concepts and political decisions)				
		Unit-6 Conflict Transformation: is Peace Possible? Resolve problems through conflict analyses and instrumentation of	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	7	2	
		peace concepts				
		Unit-7	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	7		
		Current perspective of peace and conflict resolution: Grass-roots level perspective on war and Peace				
		I. Text and Interpretation	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar Dr. Md Anis Akhtar			
		II. Antiquity Plato	Dr. Mid Anis Akntar	О	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
		Philosophy and Politics, Theory of Forms, Justice, Philosopher King/Queen, Communism				
		Presentation theme: Critique of Democracy; Women and Guardianship, Censorship Aristotle				
		Forms, Virtue, Citizenship, Justice, State and Household				
		Presentation themes: Classification of governments; man as zoon politikon III. Interlude:	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	2	
	CC-11: Classical Political Philosophy	Machiavelli Vistor Bullinian Boundillorein			11 2 11 3 11 3 11 3 11 3 11 3 11 2 11 2	
		Virtu, Religion, Republicanism Presentation themes: morality and statecraft; vice and virtue				
		IV. Possessive Individualism Hobbes	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	2	
		Human nature, State of Nature, Social Contract, State				
		Presentation themes: State of nature; social contract; Leviathan; atomistic individuals. Locke				
		Laws of Nature, Natural Rights, Property,				
		Presentation themes: Natural rights; right to dissent; justification of property I. Traditions of Pre-colonial Indian Political Thought	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia		2	
		a. Brahmanic and Shramanic	ivii. Ivaniigo par Briunia	3		
		b. Islamic and Syncretic. II. Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	2	2	
	CC 12: Indian Political Thought I	III. Manu: Social Laws	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia			
	CC-12: Indian Political Thought-I	IV. Kautilya: Theory of State	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	2	2	
		V. Aggannasutta (Digha Nikaya): Theory of kingship VI. Barani: Ideal Polity	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia			
5		VII. Abul Fazal: Monarchy	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2	
		VIII. Kabir: Syncretism I. India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia			
		II. India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2	
	DSE-1: India's Foreign Policy in a Globalizing World	III. India's Engagements with China	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia			
		IV. India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies V. India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia			
		VI. India in the Contemporary Multipolar World I. The United Nations	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	3		
		I. The United Nations (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	3	4	
		(b) Principles and Objectives				
		(c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United				
		Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and				
		UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for				
	DSE-2: United Nations and Global Conflicts	Refugees [UNHCR]) (d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect				
		(e) Millennium Development Goals				
		II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War (a) Korean War	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		(b) Vietnam War				
		(c) Afghanistan Wars (d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia				
		III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar			
		of Reforms I. Modernity and its discourses	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		This section will introduce students to the idea of modernity and the discourses around modernity. Two	. ,	_		
		essential readings have been prescribed. II. Romantics	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	9	3	
		a) Jean Jacques Rousseau			-	
		Presentation themes: General Will; local or direct democracy; self-government; origin of inequality.				
		b) Mary Wollstonecraft				
		Presentation themes: Women and paternalism; critique of Rousseau's idea of education; legal rights				
	CC-13: Modern Political Philosophy	III. Liberal socialist	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	
		John Stuart Mill				
1		Presentation themes: Liberty, suffrage and subjection of women, right of minorities; utility principle.				
		IV. Radicals	Dr. Md Anis Akhtar	11	3	

		a) Karl Marx					
		Presentation themes: Alienation; difference with other kinds of materialism; class struggle					
		b) Alexandra Kollontai					
		Presentation themes: Winged and wingless Eros; proletarian woman; socialization of housework;					
		disagreement with Lenin					
		I. Introduction to Modern Indian Political Thought	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		II. Rammohan Roy: Rights	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		III. Pandita Ramabai: Gender	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		IV. Vivekananda: Ideal Society	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		V. Gandhi: Swaraj	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
6	CC-14: Indian Political Thought-II	VI. Ambedkar: Social Justice	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		VII. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		VIII. Igbal: Community	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		IX. Savarkar: Hindutva	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		X. Nehru: Secularism	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		XI. Lohia: Socialism	Mr. Nanigopal Bhunia	5	2		
		I. Groundings	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	5	2		
		1. Patriarchy					
		a. Sex-Gender Debates					
		b. Public and Private					
		c. Power					
		2. Feminism					
		3. Family, Community, State					
		a. Family					
	DSE-3: Women, Power and Politics	b. Community			2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
		c. State					
		II. Movements and Issues					
		1. History of the Women's Movement in India					
		2. Violence against women	Mrs. Pramita Ganguly	12	4		
		3. Work and Labour					
		a. Visible and Invisible work					
		b. Reproductive and care work					
		c. Sex work					
	DSE-4: Project Work		Mr.Nani Goparl Bhunia	12	4		